Tier 1 Surgery Form

Primary Cardiac Procedure Select the patient's primary surgical procedure. If the patient has multiple operating room visits AV Canal Atrioventricular (AV, AVSD) Septal Repair, Complete Atrioventricular (AV, AVSD) Septal Repair , Intermediate (Transitional) Atrioventricular (AV, AVSD) Septal Repair , Partial (Incomplete) (PAVSD)	 Fontan Operation (Complete Cavo-pulmonary anastomosis), Extracardiac Type: Non-fenestrated 		
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AV Canal Atrioventricular (AV, AVSD) Septal Repair, Intermediate (Transitional) Atrioventricular (AV, AVSD) Septal Repair, Partial (Incomplete) (PAVSD)	 Fontan Operation (Complete Cavo-pulmonary anastomosis), Extracardiac Type: Non-fenestrated 		
AV Canal Atrioventricular (AV, AVSD) Septal Repair, Intermediate (Transitional) Atrioventricular (AV, AVSD) Septal Repair, Partial (Incomplete) (PAVSD)	 Fontan Operation (Complete Cavo-pulmonary anastomosis), Extracardiac Type: Non-fenestrated 		
Atrioventricular (AV, AVSD) Septal Repair, Complete Atrioventricular (AV, AVSD) Septal Repair, Intermediate (Transitional) Atrioventricular (AV, AVSD) Septal Repair, Partial (Incomplete) (PAVSD)	Type: Non-fenestrated		
Atrioventricular (AV, AVSD) Septal Repair , Intermediate (Transitional) Atrioventricular (AV, AVSD) Septal Repair , Partial (Incomplete) (PAVSD)			
	Fontan Operation (Complete Cavo-pulmonary anastomosis), Lateral Tunnel Type Fontan Operation (Complete Cavo-pulmonary anastomosis), Extra/Intra		
Coarctation of Aorta and Aortic arch hypopiasia Coarctation repair, End to end Coarctation repair, End to end, Extended Coarctation repair, Subclavian flap Coarctation repair, Patch aortoplasty	Cardiac Type Fontan Operation (Complete Cavo-pulmonary anastomosis), Internal Conduit Type Fontan Operation (Complete Cavo-pulmonary anastomosis), Other Fontan, Other Tetralogy of Fallot Repair		
Coarctation repair, Extra-anatomic Bypass	Tetralogy of Fallot (TOF) repair Tetralogy of Fallot (TOF) repair, Ventriculotomy Tetralogy of Fallot (TOF) repair, Transannular patch		
Norwood procedure (PV PA Conduit)	 Tetralogy of Fallot (TOF) repair, RV-PA conduit Tetralogy of Fallot (TOF) repair, Pulmonary Artery (PA) Reconstruction Tetralogy of Fallot (TOF) repair, Valvotomy 		
Hypoplastic Left Heart Syndrome (HLHS) Biventricular Repair Bidirectional cavopulmonary anastomosis (BDCPA) (bidirectional Glenn) Glenn (unidirectional cavopulmonary anastomosis) (unidirectional Glenn)	Total Anomalous Pulmonary Venous Connection Total Anomalous Pulmonary Venous Connection (TAPVC) repair Transposition of the Great Arteries		
Bilateral bidirectional cavopulmonary anastomosis (BBDCPA) (bilateral bidirectional Glenn) Hemi-Fontan	Arterial switch operation (ASO) Tricuspid Valve Disease and Ebstein's Anomaly Flotoicle seesing.		
Partial Anomalous Pulmonary Venous Connection Partial Anomalous Pulmonary Venous Connection (PAPVC) repair	Ebstein's repair Truncus Arteriosus		
Partial Anomalous Pulmonary Venous Connection (PAPVC), Scimitar, Repair PAPVC repair, Baffle redirection to left atrium with systemic vein	Truncus arteriosus repair VSD		
translocation (Warden) (SVC sewn to right atrial appendage)	Ventricular Septal Defect (VSD) repair, Primary closure Ventricular Septal Defect (VSD) repair, Patch Ventricular Septal Defect (VSD) repair, Device		
Fontan Operation (Complete Cavo-pulmonary anastomosis), Extracardiac	Ventricular Septal Defect (VSD), Multiple, Repair Ventricular Septal Defect (VSD) creation/enlargement		

Were there additional cardiac Yes procedures done in the same OR No	
visit? O Unknov	vn
AdditionalCardiacProcedures	
2a Additional Cardiac Procedures	
0 option(s) selected	
Click each item below to deselect.	
Anomalous systemic venous connection	☐ Mitral Valve (MV) Repair (Left Atrioventricular Valve)
Anomalous systemic venous connection repair	Mitral Valve Replacement (Left Atrioventricular Valve)
Aortic Aneurysm	☐ Mitral Valve (MV) Replacement, Mechanical
Aortic aneurysm repair	Mitral Valve (MV) Replacement, Bioprosthetic
Aortic Dissection	Mitral Valve (MV) Replacement, Homograft
Aortic Dissection repair	─ Mitral valve Replacement
	Palliative Procedures
Aortic Root Replacement, Bioprosthetic	Shunt, Ligation and Takedown
Aortic Root Replacement, Mechanical	☐ Shunt, Systemic to pulmonary, Modified Blalock-Taussig Shunt (MBTS)
Aortic Root Replacement, Homograft	Shunt, Systemic to pulmonary, Central (shunt from aorta)
Aortic Root Replacement, Valve sparing	Shunt, Systemic to pulmonary, Other
Aortic Valve Disease	Pulmonary Artery banding (PAB)
Ross procedure	Pulmonary Artery debanding
Konno procedure (with and without aortic valve replacement)	☐ PA band adjustment
Ross Konno Procedure	☐ Damus-Kaye-Stansel procedure (DKS) (creation of Aorto-
Repair of Supraaortic Stenosis	pulmonary anastomosis without arch reconstruction)
Other aortic annular enlargement procedure	☐ Bidirectional cavopulmonary anastomosis (BDCPA) (bidirectional Glenn)
Aortic Valve Repair	☐ Glenn (unidirectional cavopulmonary anastomosis) (unidirectional Glenn)
Aortic Valve Replacement Aortic Valve Replacement (AVR), Mechanical	☐ Bilateral bidirectional cavopulmonary anastomosis (BBDCPA)
Aortic Valve Replacement (AVR), Rechanical	(bilateral bidirectional Glenn)
Aortic Valve Replacement (AVR), Homograft	Hemi-Fontan
Aortic Valve Replacement	☐ Hepatic vein to azygous vein connection, Direct or with Interposition Graft
Subvalvar Aortic Stenosis Repair	☐ Kawashima operation (superior cavopulmonary connection in setting of interrupted IVC with azygous continuation)
AP Window	☐ Bidirectional cavopulmonary anastomosis (BDCPA) (bidirectional
□ Aorto-pulmonary (AP) window repair□ Pulmonary artery origin from ascending aorta (hemitruncus)	Glenn) Re-repair (within 90 days)
repair	Partial Anomalous Pulmonary Venous Connection
ASD	☐ Takedown of superior cavopulmonary anastomosis
Patent Foramen Ovale (PFO), Primary closure	□ Partial Anomalous Pulmonary Venous Connection (PAPVC) repair
Atrial Septal Defect (ASD) repair, Partial closure	☐ Partial Anomalous Pulmonary Venous Connection (PAPVC),
Atrial Septal Defect (ASD) repair, Primary closure	Scimitar, Repair
Atrial Septal Defect (ASD) repair, Patch	PAPVC repair, Baffle redirection to left atrium with systemic vein
Diaphragm procedure, Other	translocation (Warden) (SVC sewn to right atrial appendage)
Atrial Septal Defect (ASD) repair, Device	☐ Partial Anomalous Pulmonary Venous Connection (PAPVC) Rerepair (within 90 days)
Atrial Septal Defect (ASD) repair, Patch + Partial anomalous pulmonary venous connection repair	• (
Atrial Septal Defect (ASD), Common atrium (single atrium),	Patent Ductus Arteriosus Patent Ductus Arteriosus (PDA) closure, device ADDCARDPROC_205
Septation Septation	Patent Ductus Arteriosus (PDA) closure, device
Atrial Septal Defect (ASD) creation/enlargement	
Atrial Septal Fenestration	Pericardial Disease
Atrial fenestration closure	☐ Pectus Repair ☐ Pericardial drainage procedure
AV Canal	ar oriodidia didinago procedure

Atrioventricular (AV, AVSD) Septal Repair, Complete	Pericardiectomy
Atrioventricular (AV, AVSD) Septal Repair , Intermediate (Transitional)	Pericardial procedure, Other
Atrioventricular (AV, AVSD) Septal Repair , Partial (Incomplete)	Pulmonary Atresia/VSD
(PAVSD)	□ Pulmonary atresia - VSD (including TOF, PA) repair
□ Common atrioventricular (AV) valve Repair □ Common atrioventricular (AV) valve Replacement	Pulmonary atresia - VSD – MAPCA repair, Complete single stage repair (1 stage that includes pulmonary unifocalization + VSD
Atrioventricular (AV, AVSD) Septal Defect Re-repair (within 90	closure + RV to PA connection [with or without conduit])
days)	Pulmonary atresia - VSD – MAPCA repair, Status post prior complete unifocalization (includes VSD closure + RV to PA connection [with or without conduit])
Cardiomyopathy	Pulmonary atresia - VSD – MAPCA repair, Status post prior
Transplant, Heart	incomplete unifocalization (includes completion of pulmonary
Transplant, lung(s)	unifocalization + VSD closure + RV to PA connection [with or
Transplant, Heart and lung	without conduit])
Coartaction of Aorta and Aortic arch hypoplasia	Occlusion of MAPCA(s)
Coarctation repair, End to end	Unifocalization MAPCA(s), Bilateral pulmonary unifocalization
Coarctation repair, End to end, Extended	Unifocalization MAPCA(s), Unilateral pulmonary unifocalization
Coarctation repair, Subclavian flap	Pulmonary Valve Disease
☐ Coarctation repair, Patch aortoplasty	□ Pulmonary Valve (PV) Replacement, Mechanical
☐ Coarctation repair, Interposition graft	□ Pulmonary Valve (PV) Replacement, Bioprosthetic
Coarctation repair, Other	□ Pulmonary Valve (PV) Replacement, Homograft
Coarctation repair + Ventricular Septal Defect repair	□ Pulmonary Valve (PV) Replacement, Other
☐ Aortic arch repair	□ Pulmonary Valve (PV) Repair
Aortic arch repair + Ventricular Septal Defect repair	Pulmonary venous stenosis
☐ Coarctation repair, Extra-anatomic Bypass	Pulmonary venous stenosis repair
Coarctation Re-repair (within 90 days)	Repair of Subaortic Stenosis
Conduit Operations	Membrane Resection
Conduit placement, Right Ventricle (RV) to Pulmonary Artery (PA)	
(primary or reoperation)	Myomectomy Extended Myomectomy
Conduit placement, Left Ventricle (LV) to Pulmonary Artery (PA)	. ,
Conduit placement, Ventricle to aorta	RVOT Obstruction, IVS Pulmonary Stenosis
Conduit reoperation	Right ventricular Outflow Tract (RVOT) procedure and/or Transannular patch
Congenitally Corrected TGA	☐1 1/2 ventricular repair
Congenitally corrected Transposition of the Great Arteries (TGA) repair, Atrial switch and ASO (double switch)	Pulmonary Artery (PA), reconstruction, Main
Congenitally corrected Transposition of the Great Arteries (TGA)	☐ Pulmonary Artery (PA), reconstruction, Central
repair, Atrial switch and Rastelli	Pulmonary Artery (PA), reconstruction, Peripheral
☐ Congenitally corrected Transposition of the Great Arteries (TGA) repair, VSD closure	Double Chamber Right Ventricle (DCRV)
Congenitally corrected Transposition of the Great Arteries (TGA)	Single Ventricle
repair, VSD closure and Left ventricular to Pulmonary Artery conduit Congenitally corrected Transposition of the Great Arteries (TGA)	Fontan Operation (Complete Cavo-pulmonary anastomosis), Extracardiac Type: Fenestrated
repair, Other	Fontan Operation (Complete Cavo-pulmonary anastomosis), Extracardiac Type: Non-fenestrated
Cor triatriatum	Fontan Operation (Complete Cavo-pulmonary anastomosis),
Cor triatriatum repair	Lateral Tunnel Type
Coronary Artery Anomalies	Fontan Operation (Complete Cavo-pulmonary anastomosis), Extra/Intra Cardiac Type
☐ Coronary artery fistula ligation	Fontan Operation (Complete Cavo-pulmonary anastomosis),
$\hfill \square$ Anomalous origin of coronary artery from pulmonary artery repair	
□ Coronary artery bypass (CABG)	Fontan Operation (Complete Cavo-pulmonary anastomosis),
Anomalous aortic origin of coronary artery (AAOCA) repair	Other
Coronary artery procedure, Other	Fontan revision or conversion (Re-do Fontan)
DOLV	Fontan, Other
Double Outlet Left Ventricle repair (DOLV)	Ventricular septation
	Fontan Re-repair (within 90 days)
DORV	Sinus of Valsalva Aneurysm
Double Outlet Right Ventricle (DORV), Intraventricular tunnel repair	Sinus of Valsalva, Aneurysm repair
•	Systemic venous obstruction

Electrophysiological	Systemic venous stenosis repair
Pacemaker implantation, Permanent	Tetralogy of Fallot Repair
☐ICD (AICD) implantation	☐ Tetralogy of Fallot (TOF) repair
Arrhythmia surgery - atrial, Surgical Ablation	☐ Tetralogy of Fallot (TOF) repair, Ventriculotomy
Arrhythmia surgery - ventricular, Surgical Ablation	☐ Tetralogy of Fallot (TOF) repair, Transannular patch
Hybrid	☐ Tetralogy of Fallot (TOF) repair, RV-PA conduit
☐ Hybrid Approach "Stage 1", Application of RPA & LPA bands	☐ Tetralogy of Fallot (TOF) repair/Atrioventricular septal defect (AVSD) repair
☐ Hybrid Approach "Stage 1", Stent placement in arterial duct (PDA)	☐ Tetralogy of Fallot (TOF) - Absent pulmonary valve (PV) repair
☐ Hybrid Approach "Stage 1", Stent placement in arterial duct (PDA) + application of RPA & LPA bands	☐ Tetralogy of Fallot (TOF) repair, Pulmonary Artery (PA) Reconstruction
☐ Hybrid approach "Stage 2", Aortopulmonary amalgamation +	☐ Tetralogy of Fallot (TOF) repair, Valvotomy
Superior Cavopulmonary anastomosis(es) + PA Debanding + Aortic arch repair (Norwood [Stage 1] + Superior Cavopulmonary	Tetralogy of Fallot (TOF) Re-repair (within 90 days) Total Anomalous Pulmonary Venous Connection
anastomosis(es) + PA Debanding)	Total Anomalous Pulmonary Venous Connection (TAPVC) repair
Hybrid approach "Stage 2", Aortopulmonary amalgamation + Superior Cavopulmonary anastomosis(es) + PA Debanding + Without aortic arch repair Hybrid Approach, Transcardiac balloon dilatation	Total Anomalous Pulmonary Venous Connection (TAPVC) Rerepair (within 90 days)
Hybrid Approach, Transcardiac balloon dilatation	Transposition of the Great Arteries
Hybrid Approach, Transcardiac transcatheter device placement	Arterial switch operation (ASO)
	Arterial switch operation (ASO) and VSD repair
Hypoplastic Left Heart and Related malformations Norwood procedure (w/mBT shunt)	Arterial switch procedure + Aortic arch repair
Norwood procedure (WHB1 Shart) Norwood procedure (RV-PA Conduit)	Arterial switch procedure and VSD repair + Aortic arch repair
Conduit insertion right ventricle (RV) to pulmonary artery (PA) +	Pulmonary Artery Translocation
Intraventricular tunnel left ventricle (LV) to neoaorta + arch reconstruction (Rastelli and Norwood type arch reconstruction)	□ Arterial switch operation (ASO) Re-repair (within 90 days) □ Senning
(Yasui)	Mustard
Norwood procedure	Atrial baffle procedure, Mustard or Senning revision
Norwood procedure Re-repair (within 90 days)	Rastelli
Hypoplastic Left Heart Syndrome (HLHS) Biventricular Repair	Reparation A L Etage Ventriculaire (REV)
Interrupted Arch	Aortic root translocation over left ventricle (Including Nikaidoh procedure)
Interrupted aortic arch repair	☐ Tracheal procedure
LV to Aorta Tunnel	☐ Transposition of the Great Arteries (TGA), Other procedures
LV to aorta tunnel repair	(Kawashima, Left Ventricular to Pulmonary Artery conduit, other)
Mechanical Support	Tricuspid Valve Disease and Ebstein's Anomaly
Extracorporeal membrane oxygenation (ECMO) Cannulation	□ Ebstein's repair
Extracorporeal membrane oxygenation (ECMO) Decannulation	Tricuspid Valve (TV) Replacement (Right Atrioventricular Valve)
Right Heart Temporary Ventricular Assist Device (RVAD)	Tricuspid Valve (TV) Repair (Right Atrioventricular Valve)
Right Heart Long-Term Ventricular Assist Device (RVAD)	□ Ebstein's Re-repair (within 90 days)
Left Heart Temporary Ventricular Assist Device (LVAD)	Truncus Arteriosus
Left Heart Long-Term Ventricular Assist Device (LVAD)	Truncus arteriosus repair
Right/Left Heart Assist Device	Truncal Valve Repair
VAD Implant/Exchange	Truncal Valve Replacement
Total Artificial Heart (TAH)	Truncus + Interrupted aortic arch repair (IAA) repair
Miscellaneous Procedures	☐ Truncus arteriosus Re-repair (within 90 days)
Aneurysm, Ventricular, Right, Repair	Vascular Rings and Slings
Aneurysm, Ventricular, Left, Repair	□ Vascular ring repair
Aneurysm, Pulmonary artery (PA), Repair	Aortopexy
Cardiac tumor resection	□ Pulmonary artery (PA) sling repair
Pulmonary AV fistula repair/occlusion	VSD
Ligation, Pulmonary artery (PA)	□ Ventricular Septal Defect (VSD) repair, Primary closure
Pulmonary embolectomy, Acute pulmonary embolus (PE)	☐ Valve Excision
Pulmonary embolectomy, Chronic pulmonary embolus (PE) Procedures for Chylothorax	☐ Ventricular Septal Defect (VSD) repair, Patch
Other, specify	Ventricular Septal Defect (VSD) repair, DeviceVentricular Septal Defect (VSD), Multiple, Repair

Mitral Valve Disease	 □ Ventricular Septal Defect (VSD) creation/enlargement □ Ventricular septal patch fenestration □ Ventricular Septal Defect (VSD) Re-repair (within 90 days) 		
Supravalvar mitral ring repair: resection			
AddCardProc			
Primary Cardiac Diagnosis Related to this surgery (Check only one). Select the structural heart disease (such as aortic listed as additional diagnoses.	c stenosis, valvar) as the primary diagnosis. Other diagnoses (such as rheumatic heart disease) will be		
Anomalous Systemic Venous Connection	Aneurysm, Ventricular, Right (including pseudoaneurysm)		
Systemic venous anomaly	Mitral Valve Disease		
Aortic Aneurysm	Mitral stenosis (Annular Hypoplasia)		
Aortic aneurysm (including pseudoaneurysm)	Mitral stenosis, Subvalvar		
	Mitral stenosis, Subvalvar, Parachute		
Aortic dissection	─		
Aortic dissection	Mitral stenosis, Valvar		
Aortic Valve Disease	Mitral regurgitation		
O Aortic stenosis, Subvalvar	Mitral regurgitation and mitral stenosis		
O Aortic stenosis, Valvar	○ Mitral valve (MV), Other		
O Aortic stenosis, Supravalvar	Partial anomalous pulmonary venous connection		
Aortic valve atresia	O Partial anomalous pulmonary venous connection (PAPVC)		
A ortic insufficiency	Partial anomalous pulmonary venous connection (PAPVC), scimitar		
A Acritic visits of the s	Patent ductus arteriosus		
Aortic valve, Other	Patent ductus arteriosus (PDA)		
AP Window	Pericardial Disease		
Aorto-pulmonary (AP) window (aortopulmonary window)	Pectus Deformity		
 Pulmonary artery origin from ascending aorta (hemitruncus) 	Pericardial Disease (Non Specific)		
ASD			
O Patent oval foramen (patent foramen ovale) (PFO)	Pulmonary atresia		
Atrial Septal Defect (ASD), Secundum	Pulmonary atresia		
Atrial Septal Defect (ASD), Venosus	Pulmonary atresia, Intact Ventricular Septum		
 Atrial Septal Defect (ASD), Coronary Sinus 	Pulmonary atresia, VSD (Including TOF, PA)		
Atrial Septal Defect (ASD), Common Atrium (single Atrium)	Pulmonary atresia, Ventriuclar Septal Defect (VSD) - Multiple aorto- pulmonary collateral artery		
AV Canal	Pulmonary atresia MAPCA(s) (major aortopulmonary collateral[s]) (without PA-VSD)		
 Atrioventricular (AV) Canal Defect, Intermediate (transitional) Atrioventricular (AV) Canal Defect, Partial (incomplete) (PAVSD) (ASD, 	·		
primum)	Pulmonary Valve Disease		
Complete Atrioventricular (AV) Canal Defect	Pulmonary embolism		
Cardiomyopathy	Pulmonary insufficiency		
Cardiomyopathy (including dilated, restrictive, and hypertrophic)	Pulmonary valve, Other		
Cardiomyopathy, End-stage congenital heart disease	Pulmonary insufficiency and pulmonary stenosis		
	Pulmonary venous stenosis		
Coarctation of Aorta and Aortic arch hypoplasia	Pulmonary venous stenosis		
Coarctation of aorta	RVOT Obstruction and/or Pulmonary Stenosis		
Aortic arch hypoplasia Ventricular Sental Defect (VSD) + Aortic arch hypoplasia	O Pulmonary stenosis, Valvar		
Ventricular Septal Defect (VSD) + Aortic arch hypoplasia	O Pulmonary stenosis, Subvalvar		
Ventricular Septal Defect (VSD) + Coarctation of aorta	Pulmonary artery stenosis (hypoplasia), Main (trunk) (Supravalvalar Stenosis)		
Conduit Failure	Pulmonary artery stenosis, Branch, Central (within the hilar bifurcation)		
Conduit Failure	Pulmonary artery stenosis, Branch, Peripheral (at or beyond the hilar		
Congenitally Corrected TGA	bifurcation)		
 Congenitally corrected Transposition of the Great Arteries (TGA), Intact Ventricular Septum (IVS) 	Pulmonary artery, DiscontinuousDouble Chamber Right Ventricle (DCRV)		

 Congenitally corrected Transposition of the Great Arteries (TGA) 	Shone's syndrome
Congenitally Corrected TGA Congenitally corrected Transposition of the	Shone's syndrome
Great Arteries (TGA), Intact Ventricular Septum (IVS)-Left Ventricular Outflow Tract (LVOT) Obstruction	Shunt Failure
Congenitally Corrected TGA Congenitally corrected Transposition of the	Shunt Failure
Great Arteries (TGA), Ventricular Septal Defect (VSD)	
Ongenitally Corrected TGA Congenitally corrected Transposition of the	Single Ventricle
Great Arteries (TGA), Ventricular Septal Defect (VSD)-Left Ventricular Outflow	Single ventricle, Double Inlet left ventricle (DILV)
Tract (LVOT) Obstruction	Single ventricle, Double Inlet Right Ventricle (DIRV)
Cor triatriatum	Single ventricle, Mitral atresia
Or triatriatum	Single ventricle, Unbalanced Atrio-ventricular canal (AV Canal) Defect
Coronary Artery Anomalies	Single ventricle, Heterotaxia syndrome
Coronary artery anomaly, Aneurysm	Single ventricle, Other
 Coronary artery anomaly, Anomalous aortic origin of coronary artery (AAOCA) (AAOCA) 	Single ventricle + Total anomalous pulmonary venous connection (TAPVC)
Ocoronary artery anomaly, Anomalous pulmonary origin (includes	Single ventricle, Tricuspid atresia
ALCAPA)	Sinus of Valsalva Fistula/Aneurysm
Coronary artery anomaly, Fistula	Sinus of Valsalva aneurysm
Coronary artery anomaly, Other	Systemic venous obstruction
DOLV	Systemic venous obstruction
Outlet Left Ventricle (DOLV)	Tetralogy of Fallot
DORV	Tetralogy of Fallot (TOF)
Outlet Right Ventricle (DORV)	Tetralogy of Fallot (TOF), Pulmonary stenosis
O Double Outlet Right Ventricle (DORV), Atrioventricular (AV) Septal Defect	Tetralogy of Fallot (TOF), complete Atrio-ventricular (AV) septal Defect
Outlet Right Ventricle (DORV), Intact Ventricular Septum (IVS)	Tetralogy of Fallot (TOF), Absent pulmonary valve
Ouble Outlet Right Ventricle (DORV), Remote VSD (Uncommitted)	Total anomalous pulmonary venous connection
Outlet Right Ventricle (DORV), Tetralogy of Fallot (TOF) type	Total anomalous pulmonary venous connection (TAPVC), Type 1
 Double Outlet Right Ventricle (DORV), Transposition of Great Arteries (TGA) Type 	(supracardiac) Total anomalous pulmonary venous connection (TAPVC), Type 1 (TAPVC), Type 2
Electrophysiological	(cardiac)
O Arrhythmia	O Total anomalous pulmonary venous connection (TAPVC), Type 3
Arrhythmia, atrial	(infracardiac)
Arrhythmia, heart block	Total anomalous pulmonary venous connection (TAPVC), Type 4 (mixed)
Arrhythmia, ventricular	Transposition of the Great Arteries
Hypoplastic left heart syndrome	Transposition of the Great Arteries (TGA), Intact Ventricular Septum
Hypoplastic left heart syndrome (HLHS)	(IVS)-Left Ventricular Outflow Tract (LVOT) Obstruction
O Hypoplastic RV	Transposition of the Great Arteries (TGA), Ventricular Septal Defect (VSD)
Interrupted Arch	Transposition of the Great Arteries (TGA), Intact Ventricular Septum (IVS)
Interrupted aortic arch (IAA)Interrupted aortic arch (IAA) + Aorto-Pulmonary window	Transposition of the Great Arteries (TGA), Ventricular Septal Defect (VSD)-Left Ventricular Outflow Tract (LVOT) Obstruction
Interrupted aortic arch (IAA) + Ventricular Septal Defect (VSD)	Tricuspid Valve Disease and Ebstein's Anomaly
Kawasaki Disease	Ebstein's anomaly
Kawasaki DiseaseLV to Aorta Tunnel	Ebstein's anomaly Tricuspid regurgitation, non-Ebstein's related
	Ebstein's anomaly Tricuspid regurgitation, non-Ebstein's related Tricuspid regurgitation and tricuspid stenosis
LV to Aorta Tunnel Left Ventricular to aorta tunnel	Ebstein's anomaly Tricuspid regurgitation, non-Ebstein's related Tricuspid regurgitation and tricuspid stenosis Tricuspid stenosis
LV to Aorta Tunnel Left Ventricular to aorta tunnel Miscellaneous, Other	Ebstein's anomaly Tricuspid regurgitation, non-Ebstein's related Tricuspid regurgitation and tricuspid stenosis
LV to Aorta Tunnel Left Ventricular to aorta tunnel Miscellaneous, Other Atrial Isomerism, Left	Ebstein's anomaly Tricuspid regurgitation, non-Ebstein's related Tricuspid regurgitation and tricuspid stenosis Tricuspid stenosis
LV to Aorta Tunnel Left Ventricular to aorta tunnel Miscellaneous, Other	Ebstein's anomaly Tricuspid regurgitation, non-Ebstein's related Tricuspid regurgitation and tricuspid stenosis Tricuspid stenosis Tricuspid valve (TV), Other
LV to Aorta Tunnel Left Ventricular to aorta tunnel Miscellaneous, Other Atrial Isomerism, Left Atrial Isomerism, Right	Ebstein's anomaly Tricuspid regurgitation, non-Ebstein's related Tricuspid regurgitation and tricuspid stenosis Tricuspid stenosis Tricuspid valve (TV), Other Truncus arteriosus
LV to Aorta Tunnel Left Ventricular to aorta tunnel Miscellaneous, Other Atrial Isomerism, Left Atrial Isomerism, Right Dextrocardia	Ebstein's anomaly Tricuspid regurgitation, non-Ebstein's related Tricuspid regurgitation and tricuspid stenosis Tricuspid stenosis Tricuspid valve (TV), Other Truncus arteriosus Truncus arteriosus
LV to Aorta Tunnel Left Ventricular to aorta tunnel Miscellaneous, Other Atrial Isomerism, Left Atrial Isomerism, Right Dextrocardia Levocardia	Ebstein's anomaly Tricuspid regurgitation, non-Ebstein's related Tricuspid regurgitation and tricuspid stenosis Tricuspid stenosis Tricuspid valve (TV), Other Truncus arteriosus Truncus arteriosus Truncus arteriosus + Interrupted aortic arch (IAA)
LV to Aorta Tunnel Left Ventricular to aorta tunnel Miscellaneous, Other Atrial Isomerism, Left Atrial Isomerism, Right Dextrocardia Levocardia Mesocardia	Ebstein's anomaly Tricuspid regurgitation, non-Ebstein's related Tricuspid regurgitation and tricuspid stenosis Tricuspid stenosis Tricuspid valve (TV), Other Truncus arteriosus Truncus arteriosus Truncus arteriosus + Interrupted aortic arch (IAA) Truncal valve insufficiency
LV to Aorta Tunnel Left Ventricular to aorta tunnel Miscellaneous, Other Atrial Isomerism, Left Atrial Isomerism, Right Dextrocardia Levocardia Levocardia Mesocardia Aneurysm, Pulmonary artery	Ebstein's anomaly Tricuspid regurgitation, non-Ebstein's related Tricuspid regurgitation and tricuspid stenosis Tricuspid stenosis Tricuspid valve (TV), Other Truncus arteriosus Truncus arteriosus Truncus arteriosus + Interrupted aortic arch (IAA) Truncal valve insufficiency Vascular rings and Slings
LV to Aorta Tunnel Left Ventricular to aorta tunnel Miscellaneous, Other Atrial Isomerism, Left Atrial Isomerism, Right Dextrocardia Levocardia Mesocardia Aneurysm, Pulmonary artery Prosthetic valve failure	Ebstein's anomaly Tricuspid regurgitation, non-Ebstein's related Tricuspid regurgitation and tricuspid stenosis Tricuspid stenosis Tricuspid valve (TV), Other Truncus arteriosus Truncus arteriosus Truncus arteriosus + Interrupted aortic arch (IAA) Truncal valve insufficiency Vascular rings and Slings Truncal valve stenosis

Prosthetic valve	rditis		 VSD Ventricular Septal Defect (VSD), Type 1 (Subarterial) (Supracristal) (Conal septal defect) (Infundibular) VSD Ventricular Septal Defect (VSD), Type 2 (Perimembranous)
Rheumatic Hea Situs inversus	art Disease		(Paramembranous) (Conoventricular)
Aneurysm, Oth	er		○ VSD Ventricular Septal Defect (VSD), Type 3 (Inlet) (AV canal type)
	ntricular, Left (including pseudoaneurysm)		VSD Ventricular Septal Defect (VSD), Type 4 (Muscular)
			VSD Ventricular Septal Defect (VSD), Type: Gerbode type (LV-RA communication)
			○ VSD Ventricular Septal Defect (VSD), Multiple
PRIMDIAG			
20	Aortic Arch Coarctation?	Yes	
3a.		O No	
		Unknown	
AorticArchCoarctation			
01	Aortic Arch Hypoplasia?	O Yes	
3b.	, to the , it on the population	O No	
		Unknown	
AorticArchHypoplasia			
	Aortic Valve Atresia?	O Yes	
3c.	Aortic valve Atresia?	O No	
		Unknown	
AVA			
3d.	Aortic Valve Stenosis?	O Yes	
ou.		NoUnknown	
		Olikilowii	
AVS			
20	Aortic Valve Hypoplasia?	Yes	
3e.		O No	
		Unknown	
AVH			
0.5	Mitral Valve Atresia?	Yes	
3f.	middi vaivo Adosia:	O No	
		Unknown	
MVA			
	Midnel Vision Of const. O	O Vaa	
3g.	Mitral Valve Stenosis?	YesNo	
- 3"		Unknown	
MVS			

3h. Mitral Valve Hypoplasia?	YesNoUnknown
MVH	
3i. Ventricular Septal Defect?	Yes No Unknown
VSD	
3j. Left Ventricle Size?	NormalSmallUnknown
LeftVentricleSize	
4 Diagnoses?	YesNoUnknown
AdditionalSurgeriesParent	
Additional Cardiac Diagnoses Check all that apply. List the structural heart disease (such as aortic so option(s) selected Click each item below to deselect. Anomalous Systemic Venous Connection	stenosis, valvar) as the primary diagnosis and other diagnoses (such as rheumatic heart disease) here. Aneurysm, Ventricular, Right (including pseudoaneurysm)
☐ Systemic venous anomaly	Mitral Valve Disease
Aortic Aneurysm	■ Mitral stenosis (Annular Hypoplasia)
Aortic aneurysm (including pseudoaneurysm)	Mitral stenosis, Subvalvar
Aortic dissection	Mitral stenosis, Subvalvar, Parachute
Aortic dissection	─────────────────────────────────────
Aortic Valve Disease	☐ Mitral regurgitation
□ Aortic stenosis, Subvalvar	☐ Mitral regurgitation and mitral stenosis
Aortic stenosis, Valvar	Mitral valve (MV), Other
☐ Aortic stenosis, Supravalvar	Partial anomalous pulmonary venous connection
Aortic valve atresia	Partial anomalous pulmonary venous connection (PAPVC)
Aortic insufficiency Aortic insufficiency and aortic stenosis	Partial anomalous pulmonary venous connection (PAPVC), scimitar
Aortic valve, Other	Patent ductus arteriosus
AP Window	Patent ductus arteriosus (PDA)
Aorto-pulmonary (AP) window (aortopulmonary window	Pericardial Disease
Pulmonary artery origin from ascending aorta (hemitr	Pectus Deformity
ASD Retent eval foremen (notent foremen evale) (REO)	Pericardial Disease (Non Specific)
☐ Patent oval foramen (patent foramen ovale) (PFO) ☐ Atrial Septal Defect (ASD), Secundum	Pulmonary atresia
Atrial Septal Defect (ASD), Securioum	Pulmonary atresia
Atrial Septal Defect (ASD), Veriosus Atrial Septal Defect (ASD), Coronary Sinus	Pulmonary atresia, Intact Ventricular Septum
Atrial Septal Defect (ASD), Common Atrium (single A	Atrium) Pulmonary atresia, VSD (Including TOF, PA) Pulmonary atresia, Ventriuclar Septal Defect (VSD) - Multiple aorto-pulmonary collateral artery
Atrioventricular (AV) Canal Defect, Intermediate (tran	

Atrioventricular (AV) Canal Defect, Partial (incomplete) (PAVSD)	Pulmonary Valve Disease
(ASD, primum) ☐ Complete Atrioventricular (AV) Canal Defect	Pulmonary embolism
, ,	☐ Pulmonary insufficiency
Cardiomyopathy	□ Pulmonary valve, Other
Cardiomyopathy (including dilated, restrictive, and hypertrophic)	☐ Pulmonary insufficiency and pulmonary stenosis
Cardiomyopathy, End-stage congenital heart disease	Pulmonary venous stenosis
Coarctation of Aorta and Aortic arch hypoplasia	Pulmonary venous stenosis
Coarctation of aorta	RVOT Obstruction and/or Pulmonary Stenosis
Aortic arch hypoplasia	Pulmonary stenosis, Valvar
Ventricular Septal Defect (VSD) + Aortic arch hypoplasia	Pulmonary stenosis, Subvalvar
☐ Ventricular Septal Defect (VSD) + Coarctation of aorta	□Pulmonary artery stenosis (hypoplasia), Main (trunk)
Conduit Failure	(Supravalvalar Stenosis)
☐ Conduit Failure	Pulmonary artery stenosis, Branch, Central (within the hilar
Congenitally Corrected TGA	bifurcation) □ Pulmonary artery stenosis, Branch, Peripheral (at or beyond the
☐ Congenitally corrected Transposition of the Great Arteries (TGA), Intact Ventricular Septum (IVS)	hilar bifurcation)
☐ Congenitally corrected Transposition of the Great Arteries (TGA)	□ Pulmonary artery, Discontinuous □ Double Chamber Right Ventricle (DCRV)
Congenitally Corrected TGA Congenitally corrected Transposition	·
of the Great Arteries (TGA), Intact Ventricular Septum (IVS)-Left Ventricular Outflow Tract (LVOT) Obstruction	Shone's syndrome
Congenitally Corrected TGA Congenitally corrected Transposition	Shone's syndrome
of the Great Arteries (TGA), Ventricular Septal Defect (VSD)	Shunt Failure
Congenitally Corrected TGA Congenitally corrected Transposition	☐ Shunt Failure
of the Great Arteries (TGA), Ventricular Septal Defect (VSD)-Left Ventricular Outflow Tract (LVOT) Obstruction	Single Ventricle
,	☐ Single ventricle, Double Inlet left ventricle (DILV)
Contribution	☐ Single ventricle, Double Inlet Right Ventricle (DIRV)
☐ Cor triatriatum	☐ Single ventricle, Mitral atresia
Coronary Artery Anomalies	Single ventricle, Unbalanced Atrio-ventricular canal (AV Canal)
Coronary artery anomaly, Aneurysm	Defect Single ventrials Hateratavia ayadrama
Coronary artery anomaly, Anomalous aortic origin of coronary artery (AAOCA) (AAOCA)	☐ Single ventricle, Heterotaxia syndrome ☐ Single ventricle, Other
Coronary artery anomaly, Anomalous pulmonary origin (includes ALCAPA)	Single ventricle + Total anomalous pulmonary venous connection (TAPVC)
Coronary artery anomaly, Fistula	Single ventricle, Tricuspid atresia
Coronary artery anomaly, Other	Sinus of Valsalva Fistula/Aneurysm
DOLV	☐Sinus of Valsalva aneurysm
Double Outlet Left Ventricle (DOLV)	Systemic venous obstruction
DORV	Systemic venous obstruction
☐ Double Outlet Right Ventricle (DORV)	Tetralogy of Fallot
Double Outlet Right Ventricle (DORV), Atrioventricular (AV)	Tetralogy of Fallot (TOF)
Septal Defect	Tetralogy of Fallot (TOF), Pulmonary stenosis
Double Outlet Right Ventricle (DORV), Intact Ventricular Septum (IVS)	☐ Tetralogy of Fallot (TOF), complete Atrio-ventricular (AV) septal Defect
Double Outlet Right Ventricle (DORV), Remote VSD (Uncommitted)	☐ Tetralogy of Fallot (TOF), Absent pulmonary valve
Double Outlet Right Ventricle (DORV), Tetralogy of Fallot (TOF) type	Total anomalous pulmonary venous connection
Double Outlet Right Ventricle (DORV), Transposition of Great Arteries (TGA) Type	Total anomalous pulmonary venous connection (TAPVC), Type 1 (supracardiac)
, , , , , ,	Total anomalous pulmonary venous connection (TAPVC), Type 2 (cardiac)
Electrophysiological	Total anomalous pulmonary venous connection (TAPVC), Type 3
□ Arrhythmia □ Arrhythmia, atrial	(infracardiac)
Arrhythmia, heart block	☐ Total anomalous pulmonary venous connection (TAPVC), Type 4
Arrhythmia, rieart block	(mixed)
Hypoplastic left heart avadrages	Transposition of the Great Arteries
Hypoplastic left heart syndrome Hypoplastic left heart syndrome (HLHS)	Transposition of the Great Arteries Transposition of the Great Arteries (TGA), Intact Ventricular Septum (IVS)-Left Ventricular Outflow Tract (LVOT) Obstruction

☐ Hypoplastic RV	Transposition of the Great Arteries (TGA), Ventricular Septal		
Interrupted Arch	Defect (VSD)		
☐ Interrupted aortic arch (IAA)	 Transposition of the Great Arteries (TGA), Intact Ventricular Septum (IVS) 		
☐ Interrupted aortic arch (IAA) + Aorto-Pulmonary window	☐ Transposition of the Great Arteries (TGA), Ventricular Septal		
☐ Interrupted aortic arch (IAA) + Ventricular Septal Defect (V			
☐ Kawasaki Disease	Tricuspid Valve Disease and Ebstein's Anomaly		
LV to Aorta Tunnel	Ebstein's anomaly		
Left Ventricular to aorta tunnel	Tricuspid regurgitation, non-Ebstein's related		
Miscellaneous, Other	Tricuspid regurgitation and tricuspid stenosis		
Atrial Isomerism, Left	Tricuspid stenosis		
Atrial Isomerism, Right	Tricuspid valve (TV), Other		
Dextrocardia	Truncus arteriosus		
Levocardia	Truncus arteriosus		
Mesocardia	Truncus arteriosus + Interrupted aortic arch (IAA)		
☐ Aneurysm, Pulmonary artery	☐ Truncal valve insufficiency		
Prosthetic valve failure	Vascular rings and Slings		
☐ Cardiac trauma	Truncal valve stenosis		
☐ Cardiac tumor	Vascular Ring		
☐ Pulmonary vascular obstructive disease (Eisenmenger's)	Pulmonary Artery (PA) Sling		
☐ Prosthetic valve Endocarditis	VSD		
☐ Active Endocarditis	■ VSD Ventricular Septal Defect (VSD), Type 1 (Subarterial)		
Rheumatic Heart Disease	(Supracristal) (Conal septal defect) (Infundibular)		
Situs inversus	SD Ventricular Septal Defect (VSD), Type 2 (Perimembranous)		
Aneurysm, Other	(Paramembranous) (Conoventricular)		
Aneurysm, Ventricular, Left (including pseudoaneurysm)	■ VSD Ventricular Septal Defect (VSD), Type 3 (Inlet) (AV canal		
	type)		
	USD Ventricular Septal Defect (VSD), Type 4 (Muscular)		
	□ VSD Ventricular Septal Defect (VSD), Type: Gerbode type (LV-RA communication)		
	□ VSD Ventricular Septal Defect (VSD), Multiple		
ADDLDIAG			
4a_i Aortic Arch Coarctation?			
	nknown		
AorticArchCoarctation4a1			
/ Notice and additional			
Aortic Arch Hypoplasia? Ye	es		
4a.ii Aortic Arch Hypoplasia?	0		
○ U	nknown		
AorticArchCoarctation4a2			
A ::: Aortic Valve Atresia?	es		
4a.iii Aortic Valve Atresia?			
0 11	nknown		
AVA4a3			
April Aortic Valve Stenosis?			
4a.IV • N	0		
4a.IV • N			

AVS4a4	
4a.v Aortic Valve Hypoplasia?	YesNoUnknown
AVH4a5	
4a.vi Mitral Valve Atresia?	YesNoUnknown
MVA4a6	
4a.vii Mitral Valve Stenosis?	YesNoUnknown
MVS4a7	
4a.viii Mitral Valve Hypoplasia?	YesNoUnknown
MVH4a8	
4a.ix Ventricular Septal Defect?	YesNoUnknown
VSD4a9	
4a.x Left Ventricle Size?	NormalSmallUnknown
LeftVentricleSize4a10	
Preoperative risk factors Select all that apply. 0 option(s) selected	Asthma Bronchopulmonary dysplasia (BPD) Cardio-pulmonary resuscitation PreoperativeRiskFactors_1 Colostomy present Preoperative complete AV block PreoperativeRiskFactors_2 Preoperative/Preprocedural mechanical circulatory support (IABP,VAD, ECMO, or CPS) PreoperativeRiskFactors_3 ICD (AICD) ([automatic] implantable cardioverter
	defibrillator) present Shock, Persistent at time of surgery PreoperativeRiskFactors_4 Shock, Resolved at time of surgery PreoperativeRiskFactors_5 Diabetes mellitus, Insulin dependent Diabetes mellitus, Noninsulin dependent Diabetes mellitus PreoperativeRiskFactors_6 Dyslipidemia Endocrine Abnormalites Hepatic dysfunction PreoperativeRiskFactors_8 PreoperativeRiskFactors_9 PreoperativeRiskFactors_9

☐ Failure to Thrive	PreoperativeRiskFactors_23			
☐ Malnutrition; as noted by the History & Physical	e clinician in the PreoperativeRiskFactors_25			
☐ Greater than 2 hospital admicardiac infections in last 3 mon	ths			
☐ Previous History of Endocard	PreoperativeRiskFactors_24 ditis			
☐ Coagulation Disorder	PreoperativeRiskFactors_10 PreoperativeRiskFactors_11			
_	PreoperativeRiskFactors_12			
□ Neurological deficit□ Seizure	PreoperativeRiskFactors 13			
Preoperative Steroid Medica	- tions			
_ ,	1110115			
☐ Single lung ☐ Renal dysfunction	PreoperativeRiskFactors_14			
Renal failure requiring dialys	_			
Therial failure requiring dialys	PreoperativeRiskFactors_15			
Respiratory Failure not requi	iring ventilation PreoperativeRiskFactors_16			
 Mechanical ventilation to treafailure 	at cardiorespiratory PreoperativeRiskFactors_17			
Respiratory Syncytial Virus				
Sepsis	PreoperativeRiskFactors_18			
☐ Pacemaker present	PreoperativeRiskFactors_19			
☐ Tracheostomy present	PreoperativeRiskFactors_20			
☐ Tobacco use	Decement - District 1 C1			
None	PreoperativeRiskFactors_21			
Other, Specify	PERATIVERISKFACTORS_26			
PreoperativeRiskFactors				
			7	Missing Dassey
\Maiabt at 7	Time of Surgery		Kilograms	Missing Reason:
6 Weight at				Clear
6. Weight at	Closest to time of surgery.			Clear Unknown
6. Weight at				
6. WEIGHT			J - 2	
WEIGHT	Closest to time of surgery.			○ Unknown
WEIGHT	Closest to time of surgery. Time of Surgery		Centimeters	
WEIGHT	Closest to time of surgery.			○ Unknown Missing Reason:
WEIGHT	Closest to time of surgery. Time of Surgery			Unknown Missing Reason:
WEIGHT	Closest to time of surgery. Time of Surgery			Unknown Missing Reason:
WEIGHT HEIGHT	Closest to time of surgery. Time of Surgery Closest to time of surgery.	○ Flective		Unknown Missing Reason:
WEIGHT Height at T	Closest to time of surgery. Time of Surgery	© Elective		Unknown Missing Reason:
WEIGHT HEIGHT	Closest to time of surgery. Time of Surgery Closest to time of surgery.	Urgent		Unknown Missing Reason:
WEIGHT Height at T	Closest to time of surgery. Time of Surgery Closest to time of surgery.	UrgentEmergent		Unknown Missing Reason:
WEIGHT HEIGHT	Closest to time of surgery. Time of Surgery Closest to time of surgery.	Urgent		Unknown Missing Reason:
WEIGHT HEIGHT	Closest to time of surgery. Time of Surgery Closest to time of surgery.	UrgentEmergent		Unknown Missing Reason:
WEIGHT 7. Height at 7 HEIGHT 8. State	Closest to time of surgery. Time of Surgery Closest to time of surgery.	UrgentEmergentSalvage		Unknown Missing Reason:
WEIGHT 7. Height at 7 HEIGHT 8. State ORSTATUS Was patient on ca	Closest to time of surgery. Time of Surgery Closest to time of surgery. sus at Operation ardiopulmonary	Urgent Emergent Salvage Yes		Unknown Missing Reason:
WEIGHT 7. Height at 7 HEIGHT 8. State ORSTATUS 9. Was patient on capypass du	Closest to time of surgery. Time of Surgery Closest to time of surgery. Sus at Operation ardiopulmonary ring operation?	Urgent Emergent Salvage Yes No		Unknown Missing Reason:
WEIGHT 7. Height at 7 HEIGHT State ORSTATUS 9. Was patient on ca bypass du If more than one period of cardio	Closest to time of surgery. Time of Surgery Closest to time of surgery. Sus at Operation ardiopulmonary ring operation? opulmonary bypass (CPB) is	Urgent Emergent Salvage Yes		Unknown Missing Reason:
WEIGHT 7. Height at 7 HEIGHT State ORSTATUS Was patient on carbypass du If more than one period of cardirequired during surgery add the minute	Closest to time of surgery. Time of Surgery Closest to time of surgery. Sus at Operation ardiopulmonary ring operation? opulmonary bypass (CPB) is	Urgent Emergent Salvage Yes No		Unknown Missing Reason:
WEIGHT 7. Height at 7 HEIGHT State ORSTATUS Was patient on carbypass du If more than one period of cardirequired during surgery add the minute	Closest to time of surgery. Time of Surgery Closest to time of surgery. Sus at Operation ardiopulmonary ring operation? opulmonary bypass (CPB) is es of all CPB together during	Urgent Emergent Salvage Yes No		Unknown Missing Reason:
WEIGHT 7. Height at 7 HEIGHT State ORSTATUS Was patient on carbypass du If more than one period of cardirequired during surgery add the minute	Closest to time of surgery. Time of Surgery Closest to time of surgery. Sus at Operation ardiopulmonary ring operation? opulmonary bypass (CPB) is es of all CPB together during	Urgent Emergent Salvage Yes No		Unknown Missing Reason:
WEIGHT 7. Height at 7 HEIGHT 8. State ORSTATUS Was patient on ca bypass du If more than one period of cardirequired during surgery add the minute surgery at the control of cardirect of the cardinal of	Closest to time of surgery. Time of Surgery Closest to time of surgery. Tus at Operation ardiopulmonary ring operation? opulmonary bypass (CPB) is es of all CPB together during and enter the total CPB time.	Urgent Emergent Salvage Yes No	Centimeters	Missing Reason: Clear Unknown
WEIGHT 7. Height at 7 HEIGHT 8. State ORSTATUS Was patient on ca bypass du If more than one period of cardirequired during surgery add the minute surgery at the control of cardirect of the cardinal of	Closest to time of surgery. Time of Surgery Closest to time of surgery. Sus at Operation ardiopulmonary ring operation? opulmonary bypass (CPB) is es of all CPB together during and enter the total CPB time.	Urgent Emergent Salvage Yes No		Missing Reason: Clear Unknown Missing Reason:
WEIGHT 7. Height at 7 HEIGHT 8. State ORSTATUS Was patient on ca bypass du If more than one period of cardirequired during surgery add the minute surgery at the control of cardirect surgery at the control of cardinal cardin	Closest to time of surgery. Time of Surgery Closest to time of surgery. Tus at Operation ardiopulmonary ring operation? opulmonary bypass (CPB) is es of all CPB together during and enter the total CPB time.	Urgent Emergent Salvage Yes No	Centimeters	Missing Reason: Clear Unknown

DRCBPM		
Cross Clamp Time Duration of cardiac ischemia. If more than one period of cross clamp time is required during surgery add the minutes of all cross clamp time together during surgery and enter the total cross clamp time.	Minutes	Missing Reason: Clear Not Done Unknown
RCCM		
Circulatory Arrest Time If more than one period of circulatory arrest is required during surgery add the minutes of all circulatory arrest together during surgery and enter the total circulatory arrest time.	Minutes	Missing Reason: Clear Not Done Unknown
RCAM		
12. Selective Cerebral Perfusion Time Duration of time in which perfusion was maintained selectively to the brain while the remainder of the body was under circulatory arrest.	Minutes	Missing Reason: Clear Not Done Unknown
RSCPM		
Cardioplegia Type Check only one.	Buckberg Custodiol/Bretschneider (HTK) Del Nido Microplegia with Adenocaine Microplegia with Potassium Plegisol/St. Thomas Roe's Solution University of Wisconsin Other, specify None	
STCPBU		
14. Was TEE used in the operation TEE: Transesophageal ECHO	Yes No Unknown	
RTEE		
15. Was an epicardial echo done in this operation?	Yes No Unknown	
oicardialEcho		
16. Was sternum left open at the end of operation?	Yes No Unknown	

SternOpen	
Were there any complications during the operation? If patient experienced complications diagnosed during the operation, specify the complication(s).	Yes No Unknown
ORCOMP	
Complications Check all that apply. All neurological complications including those diagnosed in the operating room will be reported on the Post Operative Events Form. 0 option(s) selected	Arrhythmia requiring drug therapy Arrhythmia requiring electrical cardioversion or defibrillation Arrhythmia requiring permanent pacemaker Bleeding Cardiac dysfunction resulting in low cardiac output Cardiac failure (severe cardiac dysfunction) Mechanical circulatory support (IABP, VAD, ECMO, or CPS) Multi-System Organ Failure (MSOF) = Multi-Organ Dysfunction Syndrome (MODS) Seizure Unknown Other, specify
ComplicationsShortlist	
18. Intraoperative Mortality	○ Yes ○ No
OPDEAD	